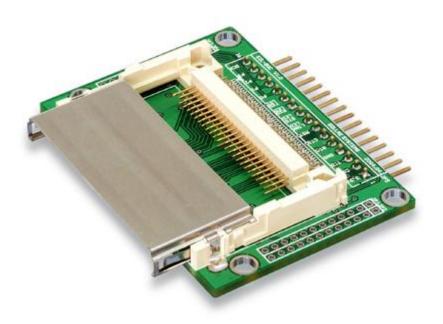
EZL-80c User's Manual

Version 2.4



Sollae Systems Co., Ltd.



To all residents of the European Union

Important environmental information about this product

This symbol on this unit or the package indicates that disposal of this unit after its lifecycle could harm the environment. Do not dispose of the unit as unsorted municipal

waste; it should be brought to a specialized company for recycling. It is your responsibility to return this unit to your local recycling service. Respect your local environmental regulation. If in doubt, contact your local waste disposal authorities.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	OVERVIEW	6 -
2.	SPECIFICATIONS	7 -
2.1.	CONTENTS	7 -
2.2.	SPECIFICATION	8 -
3.	HARDWARE INTERFACE	9 -
3.1.	DIMENSION	9 -
3.2.	PINS	10 -
3.2.1	1. JP5	10 -
3.2.2	2. JP1, JP2, JP3, JP4	11 -
3.2.3	3. System LED	11 -
3.2.4	4. wireless LAN Interface	12 -
3.3.	Serial Interface	12 -
3.3.1	1. RTS/CTS Flow Control	12 -
3.3.2	2. Flow Control Scenario	13 -
3.3.3	3. If Flow Control Is Unused	14 -
4.	WIRELESS LAN CONFIGURATION	15 -
4.1.	THE TYPES OF WIRELESS LAN	15 -
4.1.1	1. Infrastructure	15 -
4.1.2	2. Ad-hoc	15 -
4.2.	CONFIGURATION PARAMETERS FOR WIRELESS LAN	16 -
4.2.1	1. Service Set Identifier (SSID)	16 -
4.2.2	2. Channel	16 -
4.2.3	3. Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP)	17 -
4.3.	HOW TO CONFIGURE WIRELESS LAN	17 -
4.3.1	1. CC TYPE	18 -
4.3.2	2. SSID	18 -
4.3.3	3. CREATE SSID	18 -
4.3.4	4. CHANNEL	18 -
4.3.5	5. WEP	18 -
4.3.6	6. Authentication Mode	18 -
4.3.7	7. OTHER ITEMS	18 -
4.4.	Examples of Wireless LAN Configuration	18 -
4.4.1	1. An Example of Infrastructure Network	18 -

4.4.2.	An Example of Ad-hoc Network	19 -
5.	SETTING IP ADDRESSES AND ENVIRONMENTAL VARIABLES	20 -
5.1.	EZCONFIG – SETTING BY WIRELESS LAN	20 -
5.1.1.	The buttons of ezConfig	20 -
5.2.	EZSERIALCONFIG – SET BY SERIAL PORT	24 -
6.	OPERATION MODE	25 -
6.1.	OPERATION MODE OVERVIEW	25 -
6.2.	How To Enter Each Mode	25 -
6.3.	SERIAL CONFIG MODE (FOR WIRELESS LAN CONFIGURATION)	25 -
6.4.	ISP MODE (FOR FIRMWARE UPGRADE)	25 -
6.5.	NORMAL COMMUNICATION MODE	26 -
7.	NORMAL COMMUNICATION MODES	27 -
7.1.	T2S (TCP to Serial)	27 -
7.2.	ATC (AT COMMAND)	29 -
7.3.	COD(CONNECT ON DEMAND)	31 -
7.4.	U2S (UDP to Serial)	33 -
8.	ATC MODE	35 -
8.1.	Overview	35 -
8.1.1.	AT command format	35 -
8.2.	BASIC AT COMMANDS	35 -
8.3.	EXTENDED AT COMMANDS	36 -
8.4.	Online State and Online Command State	36 -
8.4.1.	How to switch to online command state from online state	37 -
8.4.2.	How to switch to online command state	37 -
8.5.	EXAMPLE OF CONFIGURATION BY AT COMMANDS	37 -
8.6.	EXAMPLE OF CONNECTION	38 -
8.6.1.	Example of Active Connection	38 -
8.6.2.	Example of Passive Connection	38 -
8.7.	EXAMPLE OF TERMINATION	38 -
8.7.1.	Example of Active Termination	38 -
8.7.2.	Example of Passive Termination	39 -
9.		40
	TECHNICAL SUPPORT, WARRANTY, AND NOTES ON OPERATION	40 -

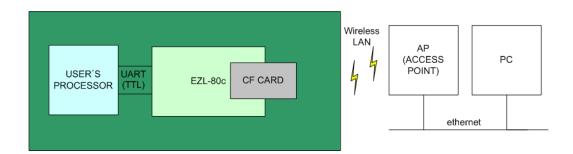
11. I	REVISION HISTORY	43
10. (ORDERING INFORMATION	42 -
9.1.5.	Notes on Operation	41 -
9.1.4.	Charged Repair Services	40 -
9.1.3.	Free Repair Services	40
9.1.2.	Refund	40
9.1.1.	Warranty	40

1. OVERVIEW

A recent trend indicates that demand for data communication through the Internet continues to grow with the progress of the Internet.

For data communication over the Internet, the use of the internet communication protocol, TCP/IP is required. In order to communicate with any device over the Internet, you must use TCP/IP. To do so, you should implement TCP/IP directly, port open TCP/IP or use such an operating system (OS). But these methods impose a heavy burden in terms of time, money and technology.

The ezTCP series, serial-to-TCP/IP protocol converter product group of Sollae Systems, provides TCP/IP (Internet) communication function "simply by connecting to a serial port" and allows any device to communicate through the Internet. The series performs the TCP/IP processing on data coming in from the serial port and sends them to the Internet network, while it performs the TCP/IP processing on data from the Internet network and transmits actual data to the serial port.



EZL-80c is a small-sized, modular product that provides TCP/IP communication through IEEE802.11b (wireless LAN) among the ezTCP product group and has a CF card socket and requires a 16-bit CF wireless LAN card.

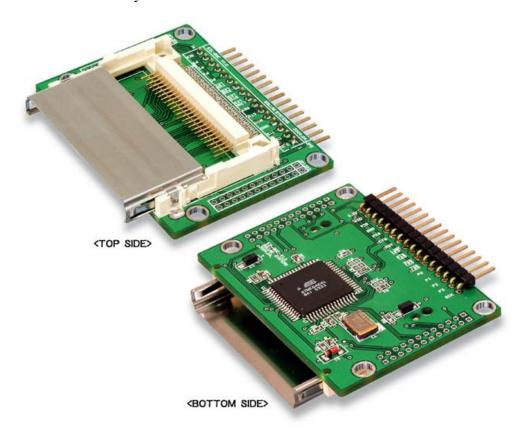
EZL-80c performs the TCP/IP processing on data from the serial port and sends them to the wireless LAN, while playing the same role on data from the wireless LAN toward the serial port.

EZL-80c supports infrastructure networks through an access point (AP) and also provides ad-hoc network function performing communication without an AP. Since EZL-80c provides DHCP function as well as TCP/IP/UDP, it can be applied to a dynamic-IP network.

2. SPECIFICATIONS

2.1. Contents

• EZL-80c body



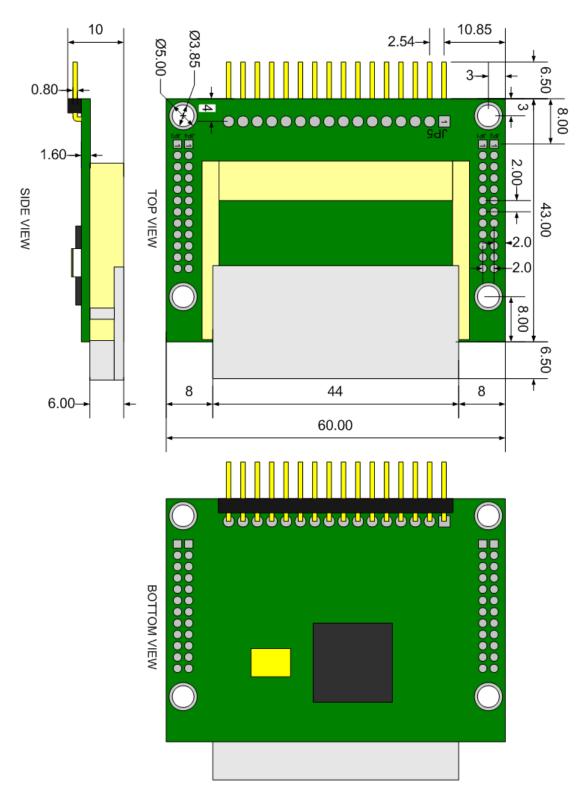
2.2. Specification

D	Input Voltage	3.3V ±0.3V	
Power	Current	10mA typical(excluding CF card)	
Size		60mm x 56mm x 10mm	
Weight		about 10g	
Interface	Serial Port	2.54mm pitch 16 pin header(male)	
Interrace	Network	CF card socket	
Serial Port	Т	TL level(1200bps ~ 115200bps)	
Serial Fort	RTS/C	CTS hardware flow control, Xon/Xoff	
Wireless	CF(external circuit required)		
LAN	Cr (external circuit required)		
Protocols	TCP, UDP, IP, ICMP, ARP, DHCP, WEP		
	T2S	TCP – server mode	
Comm.	COD	TCP – client mode	
Mode	ATC	TCP – server/client mode	
Wiode		(AT command emulation)	
	U2S	UDP	
	ezConfig	Configuration utility via wireless LAN	
Utilities	ezSerialConfig	Configuration utility via serial	
Othlities	hotflash	Utility for firmware download	
	ezterm	Utility for testing socket program	
RoHS Compliant		RoHS Compliant	

Download utilities and firmware from http://www.eztcp.com.

3. HARDWARE INTERFACE

3.1. Dimension



3.2. Pins

3.2.1. JP5

#	NAME	DESCRIPTION	I/O	M/Opt
1	VCC_33	Power(3.3V)	-	M
2	RXD0	Serial RXD	I	M
3	TXD0	Serial TXD	О	M
4	GND	Ground	-	M
5	RTS0	Serial Ready To Receive	О	Opt
6	CTS0	Serial Clear To Send	I	Opt
7	RESET	Reset Active Low	I	Opt
		LINK LED		
8	LINK_LED	(Low: When EZL-80c is connecting to wLAN	О	Opt
		High: When EZL-80c is not connecting to wLAN)		
		STATUS LED		
		(Low: When TCP is connecting		
		Blink every 1 second: when TCP is not connecting		
9	STS_LED	Blink 4 times every 1 second: IP is not allocated	О	Opt
		when DHCP or PPPoE		
		Blink very fast: when wLAN card is not initialized		
		or when EZL-80c is in ezSerialConfig mode)		
		Wireless LAN RXD LED		
10	RXD_LED	(Low(blink): When EZL-80c receives data from	О	Opt
		wLAN)		
1.1	TVD LED	Wireless LAN TXD LED	0	04
11	TXD_LED	(Low(blink): When EZL-80c sends data to wLAN)	О	Opt
		TCP Connection notifier		
12	P0	(High: When TCP is not connecting	I/O	Opt
		Low: When TCP is connecting)		
12	D1	RS485 TXDE interface	I/O	Ont
13	P1	(High: when EZL-80c sends data to the serial port)	1/0	Opt
14	RXD1	For Factory Use	I	-
15	TXD1	For Factory Use	О	-
16	SCK	For Factory Use	I	-

I: Input port

O: Output port

M: Mandatory

Opt: Option

The level of all ports is TTL level.

3.2.2. JP1, JP2, JP3, JP4

NUM	JP1,JP2	JP3,JP4
1	GND	VCC_33
2	TXD_LED	PEN
3	RXD_LED	GND
4	STS_LED	RESET
5	LINK_LED	SCK
6	GND	GND
7	CTS0	TXD1
8	RTS0	RXD1
9	GND	GND
10	TXD0	P1
11	RXD0	P0
12	VCC_33	GND

The level of all ports is TTL level.

3.2.3. System LED

Mode	Name	Status	Description
	PWR	On	Power is supplied
NY 1		Blinks in	IP is allocated but TCP connection is not
Normal		every second	established.
mode	STS	Blinks 4 times	IP address is net assigned in DHCP or
		/sec	PPPoE modes.

		On	TCP is connected
	LINK	On	EZL-80C is connected to the WLAN
	RXD	Blinks	Receiving data from the serial
	TXD	Blinks	Transmitting data to the serial
	LAN_	D1: -1	D : L. C . A WILAN
	RXD	Blinks	Receiving data from the WLAN
	LAN_	Blinks	Transmitting data to the WII AN
	TXD	DIIIKS	Transmitting data to the WLAN
		On	There are enough rooms to receive data
	RTS	Off	There aren't enough rooms to receive
			data
		On	Counterparts' buffer is enough to receive data
	CTS	Off	Counterparts' buffer isn't enough to receive data
ISP	PWR	On	10001ve data
/Serial	STS	Blinks rapidly	EZL-80C is in the ISP
Config mode	LINK	Off	/ Serial Config mode

3.2.4. wireless LAN Interface

EZL-80c, a modular product, requires a CF wireless LAN card.

For the wireless LAN card, use a CF card, compatible with Intersil's Prism 2.5 or Prism 3.0.

3.3. Serial Interface

The serial port is implemented on 3.3V TTL level and can communicate with a UART (Universal Asynchronous Receiver and Transmitter).

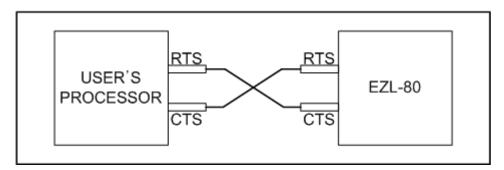
3.3.1. RTS/CTS Flow Control

RTS/CTS hardware flow control is used to avoid loss of data if there is an excessive amount of data. For instance, if the network causes delay in data transmission when the user device sends a large amount of data continuously, the buffer in the serial port may

be full, resulting in loss of data. (The EZL-80c serial port has a 1-kbytes reception buffer and 512 bytes transmission buffer.)

The serial port hardware flow control of EZL-80c is implemented RTR(ready to receive)/CTS (clear to send) protocol. The RTS port (RTR is called RTS in EZL-80c for convenience) is an output port that becomes 'active low' if storage space is available in the reception buffer of EZL-80c. Meanwhile, the CTS port is an input port, which takes the active or inactive state of the RTS pin on the communication counterpart to which the CTS pin is connected.

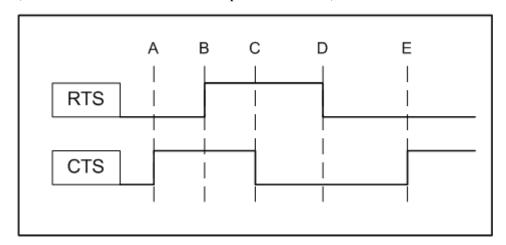
The interconnection between the user's processor and EZL-80c should be done as follows.



3.3.2. Flow Control Scenario

The following is a flow control scenario.

(It is assumed to be measured at the pins of EZL-80c.)



Initially, EZL-80c is ready to receive and transmit data, since RTS and CTS are both low.

At position 'A' the counterpart processor sends a signal that it is not ready to receive data. Then, EZL-80c stops sending data.

At position 'B' EZL-80c sends a signal that it is not ready to receive data. Then,

neither party is ready to send or receive data.

At position 'C' the counterpart sends a signal that it is ready to receive data. At this time, EZL-80c has any data to send, it sends the data to the user's processor.

At position 'D' EZL-80c sends a signal that it is ready to receive data. Now both the parties send and receive data.

At position 'E' EZL-80c receives a signal from the user's processor that the latter is not ready to receive data and holds any data to transmit until CTS becomes active.

3.3.3. If Flow Control Is Unused

In case the user's processor does not use flow control, it's OK to connect only RXD, TXD, GND signals between user's processor and EZL-80c.

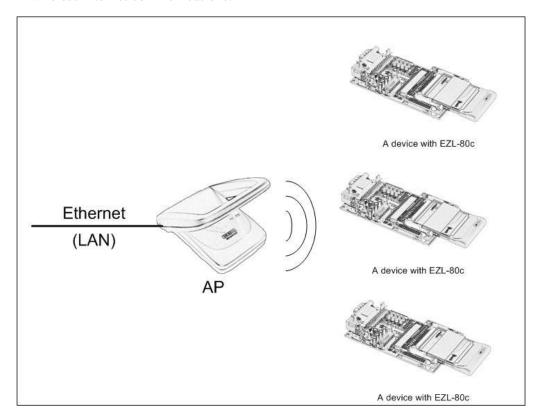
And user should set RTS/CTS to NONE by using ezConfig or ezSerialConfig.

4. WIRELESS LAN CONFIGURATION

4.1. The Types of Wireless LAN

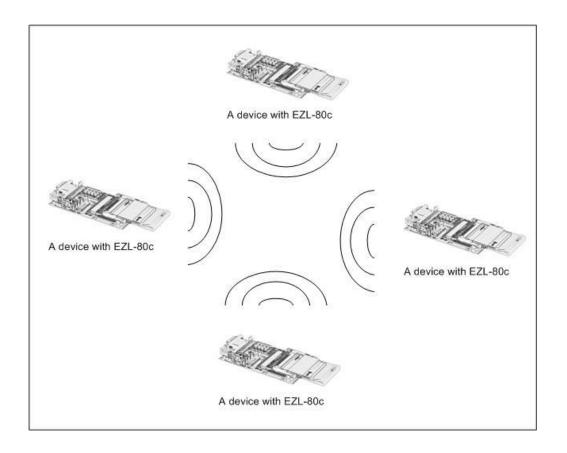
4.1.1. Infrastructure

The infrastructure is a network connection mode that allows communication between wireless LAN devices or between the wireless LAN and the wired LAN (Ethernet) through the Access Point (AP). When a network type is set to infrastructure, communication with wired LAN via AP is possible, which allows both wired and wireless Internet communications.



4.1.2. Ad-hoc

The ad-hoc network is designed to communicate between wireless LANs without any AP. Since communication is established without any AP, the user cannot access an external network or the Internet. This is also called a peer-to-peer mode.



4.2. Configuration Parameters For wireless LAN

4.2.1. Service Set Identifier (SSID)

When configuring a network, the user can configure different networks using different Aps. In this case, the SSID is used to differentiate one network from another. In other words, when configuring an infrastructure network, the user can make communication with the AP which he/she wants to communicate with by setting the SSID of the desired AP in the ezTCP. (See 3.1.2.) For information about SSID of the AP, AP manual or AP configuration program can be referred to. If the user did not set the SSID, the ezTCP will be connected with the AP that is first found when power is supplied.

The maximum length of the SSID is 32 bytes, and the user can use ASCII code to set the SSID.

4.2.2. Channel

The channel is communication path in the network that it belongs to. Channel values are set as the same value with the AP.

4.2.3. Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP)

This is about security of the wireless LAN. The wireless LAN provides similar security to that of the wired LAN using the WEP. To use the WEP, the user must set the key value. According to the key value, data is encoded in 64 bits or 128 bits for communication. If the user did not set the WEP, security-related problems may occur.

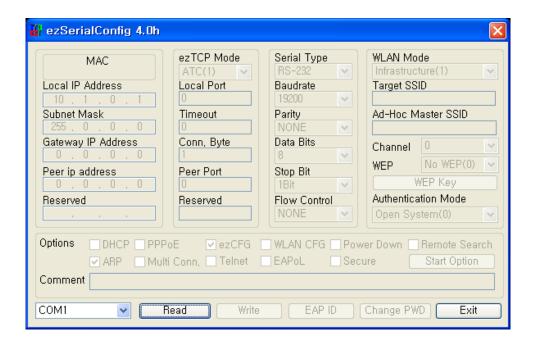
There are two kinds of infrastructure network for WEP – Open System and Shared Key. User has to check the type when the network uses WEP.

4.3. How To configure wireless LAN

Wireless LAN-related parameters can be configured through ezSerialConfig program.

To utilize ezSerialConfig program, apply power with no LAN card inserted and operate EZL-80c in serial configuration mode.

With this program you can configure IP address and serial port-related parameters as well as wireless LAN parameters.



Operate EZL-80c in serial configuration mode to utilize ezSerialConfig. Follow the sequence as described below.

- 1. Run ezSerialConfig program in the PC.
- 2. With no LAN card inserted, connect EZL-80c and the PC by a serial cable and apply power.

- 3. Select the COM port of the PC to which the cable is connected and press the [READ] button.
- 4. Configure the environmental parameters of ezSerialConfig. At this time, you should configure wireless LAN-related items.
- 5. Push the [WRITE] button in the ezSerialConfig window.

4.3.1. CC TYPE

Select the type of the wireless LAN.

Check if the type of network to which the product is installed is infrastructure or ad-hoc, and configure the type accordingly.

4.3.2. SSID

Configure the AP's SSID or the master's SSID in ad-hoc mode.

4.3.3. CREATE SSID

Configure the SSID if used as the ad-hoc master in ad-hoc mode.

4.3.4. CHANNEL

Configure the channel number used by the AP.

4.3.5. WEP

If WEP is used in the wireless LAN network, select the type of WEP and enter the key used by pushing the WEP key button.

4.3.6. Authentication Mode

There two kinds of network according to the authentication algorithm – Open System and Shared Key.

4.3.7. OTHER ITEMS

For values of non-wireless LAN items, refer to '5.1 ezConfig' of this manual.

4.4. Examples of Wireless LAN Configuration

4.4.1. An Example of Infrastructure Network

Items	Value	Details
Target SSID	Xyz	The SSID of the network

Ad-hoc Master SSID		Do not set
Channel	0	EZL-80c connects to the same channel number to
Channel	0	the AP
WED	1	64bit WEP
WEP		(When WEP isn't used, select No WEP.)
WEP Key		The WEP Key ID same to the AP
Andhandiadian Mada	1	Open System or Shared Key according to the
Authentication Mode		AP's configuration

4.4.2. An Example of Ad-hoc Network

Items	Value	Details
Target SSID	Xyz	The SSID of the network
Ad-hoc Master SSID	Xyz	The SSID of the network
Channel	7	Channel number to communicate
WED	1	64bit WEP
WEP 1		(When WEP isn't used, select No WEP.)
WEP Key		The WEP Key ID
Authentication Mode		No Set

5. SETTING IP ADDRESSES AND

ENVIRONMENTAL VARIABLES

5.1. ezConfig – setting by wireless LAN

This section takes an example of using ezConfig, which is a configuration program via wired/wireless LAN. ezConfig can run on Microsoft Windows platform. The screen below shows the initial screen of ezConfig:



You can set not only the parameters of EZL-80c but also the parameters of other ezTCP series.

Each button on ezConfig functions as follows:

5.1.1. The buttons of ezConfig

[Search ezTCP] This button is used to search for all of the network-attached ezTCPs. The search results will be displayed on the MAC ADDRESS LIST box and you can select an item using a mouse or cursor as required. The value displayed on the box indicates the MAC ADDRESS of each ezTCP. The selected setup value of ezTCP will be displayed on the right side.

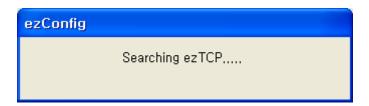
- [Read] You can see only the ezTCP configuration values if you press this button after entering the 6-digit hexadecimal number printed on the ezTCP main body in the MAC ADDRESS box. It is useful when there are too many ezTCPs attached to the network to search for one from the LIST box.
- [Write] This button is used to save the changed value in ezTCP after modifying the configuration. Make sure not to press this button during operating ezTCP since ezTCP will automatically be reset right after its environment setup value is saved. Otherwise, it may cause malfunction.
- [Exit] This button is used to close ezConfig. You can also close it by pressing ESC key on the keyboard.
- [Change PWD] ezTCP provides User Authentication function to prevent an unwanted person from modifying the configuration. The authentication process is performed through the password string verification. When entering or changing the password strings, you can use this button. Changing the ezTCP configuration details if a password has been entered requires the proper password to be entered in the PASSWORD field.
- [Status] This button is used to read a dynamic variable value during operating ezTCP. Pressing this button will display a new window, where the time-elapsed after the power is on, the current IP address, and the data throughput of the serial port are indicated. Double-clicking each item on the MAC ADDRESS LIST will carry out the same function.

ezConfig can be used to change the IP address related items, the serial port setup value, the serial port operation mode, and how to setup ezTCP

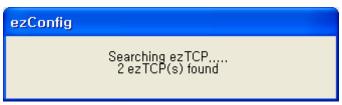
The following example shows how to read and change ezTCP's basic functions. Try

changing ezTCP setup value according to the following sequence:

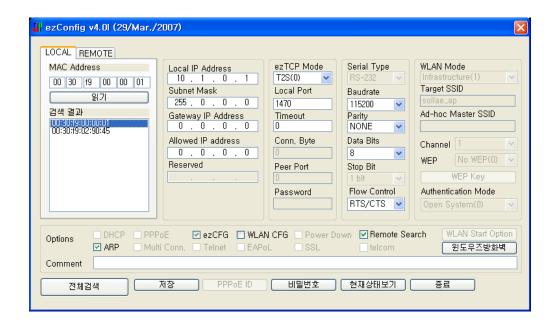
When the ezTCP power is turned on and the LAN cable is connected correctly, pressing [Search ezTCP] or [Read] button will display the following window:



2. If a network-attached ezTCP is detected, the following message will be displayed. If a message pops up indicating that there is no response from ezTCP, check that the power is turned on and the cable is connected correctly, then try pressing [PROBE] or [READ] button.



- 3. If more than one ezTCP are detected, ezTCP's MAC ADDRESS will be displayed in the [MAC ADDRESS LIST] box on ezConfig. Check if the MAC ADDRESS displayed in the [MAC ADDRESS LIST] window corresponds to that printed on ezTCP main body. The following screen shows this process:
- 4. Setup [MUX TYPE], [LOCAL IP ADDRESS], [LOCAL PORT], and the serial port settings according to a test environment as required. When the setup is completed, pressing [WRITE] will save the changed values in ezTCP. If an error message pops up during storing the configuration, check that ezTCP is connected correctly, and then try again.



In Windows' MS-DOS prompt window, check the IP address is set correctly by giving the PING command. If the ezTCP IP address is set correctly, the PING results will be displayed as follows. If a message, "Request timed out", is displayed, check that IP address setup value again.

C:\>ping a.b.c.d

Pinging a.b.c.d with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from a.b.c.d: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=64

- Wireless LAN-relate parameters can be set only via ezSerialConfig.
- Confer '7. Normal Communication Mode' for the parameters of IP address, serial port, and etc.
- You can download the newest ezConfig utility via http://www.eztcp.com

5.2. ezSerialConfig – set by serial port

ezConfig is an utility which configure EZL-80c via serial port. You can configure not only wireless LAN-related items but also all items which can be set by ezConfig. You should turn on EZL-80c without wireless LAN card to configure via ezSerialConfig.

© Confer '4. WIRELESS LAN CONFIGURATION' for more information.

6. OPERATION MODE

6.1. Operation Mode Overview

The operation modes of EZL-80c are normal communication mode, serial configuration mode and ISP mode. Major differences among the modes are as follows.

On Mode	Description	Dolotod Utility	LAN
Op. Mode	Description	Related Utility	Card
Normal Comm	Normal operation	C	Income
Mode	(TCP/IP protocol conversion)	ezConfig	Inserted
Serial Config	Sets up parameters including wireless LAN	CarialCarfia	Not
Mode	items through the serial port.	ezSerialConfig	inserted
ICD M - 4 -	Upgrades the EZL-80c firmware through the	W/Slaal-	Not
ISP Mode	serial port.	Wflash	inserted

6.2. How To Enter Each Mode

EZL-80c operates in normal communication mode if booted with the LAN card inserted. Otherwise, it works in serial configuration or ISP mode.

6.3. Serial Config Mode (for wireless LAN configuration)

Before connecting the wireless LAN, set up all wireless LAN items. Follow the sequence as described below.

- 1. Run ezSerialConfig program in the PC.
- 2. With no LAN card inserted, connect EZL-80c and the PC by a serial cable and apply power.
- 3. Select COM port which is being connected EZL-80c, and push the [READ] button in the ezSerialConfig window.
- 4. Set up the ezSerialConfig environmental parameters. Configure wireless LAN items without fail. (The other items may be set up with ezConfig program in the Normal mode.)
- 5. Push the [WRITE] button in the ezSerialConfig window.

6.4. ISP Mode (For firmware upgrade)

In ISP mode, you can upgrade the firmware of EZL-80c. Follow the sequence as describe below.

- 1. Run wflash program in the PC.
- 2. Select a firmware to download by pushing the [Download] button.
- 3. With no LAN card inserted, connect EZL-80c and the PC by a serial cable and apply power.
- 4. Apply power and the firmware will be automatically downloaded.

6.5. Normal Communication Mode

This is the normal communication mode of EZL-80c as designed for its purpose.

When you apply power to an EZL-80c product with the LAN card inserted, It will initiates normal communication mode.

In normal communication mode are available four communication modes, T2S, ATC, COD and U2S, as shown in the table below.

Comm. Mode	Protocol	Connection Type	S/W Modification	Parameter change through the serial port	Topology
T2S	TCP	Passive	Not needed	No	1:1
ATC	TCP	Active/Passive	Needed	Possible	1:1
COD	TCP	Active	Not needed	No	1:1
U2S	UDP	No connection	Not needed	No	N:M

TCP is a protocol that requires a connection process. Connection always takes place a one-to-one basis. A host waiting for connection (passive connection) is called a server, and one attempting to make a connection (active connection) is called a client.

On the other hand, UDP communicates by the block without the process of connection, and thus allows multiple hosts to communicate simultaneously.

For detailed operation modes, refer to the next chapter.

7. NORMAL COMMUNICATION MODES

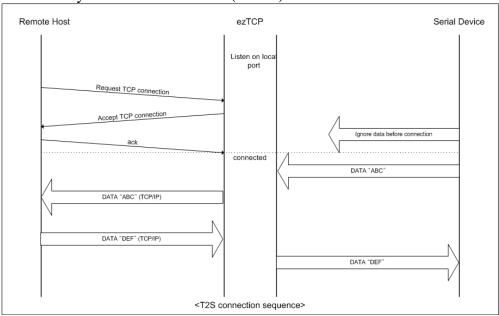
7.1. T2S (TCP to Serial)

In T2S mode, the ezTCP functions as a server.

When a TCP connection comes from a remote host to the predefined local port, the ezTCP accepts a TCP connection. When the ezTCP accepts TCP connection, then the TCP connection is established. Then if the [Allowed IP Address] is set 0.0.0.0, the EZL-80c accepts a connection from any hosts. But if the [Allowed IP Address] is not set to 0.0.0.0, the EZL-80c accepts a TCP connection from the host that is set in the [Allowed IP Address].

After connection is established, TCP/IP processing is performed on the data coming to the serial port, which is then transmitted to the remote host. And the TCP/IP data coming from the remote host is TCP/IP-processed and transmitted to the serial port to establish data communication. (Data coming to the serial port before TCP connection is established will be ignored.)

In T2S mode, the ezTCP functions as a server. Therefore, T2S mode cannot be used in a dynamic IP environment (DHCP)



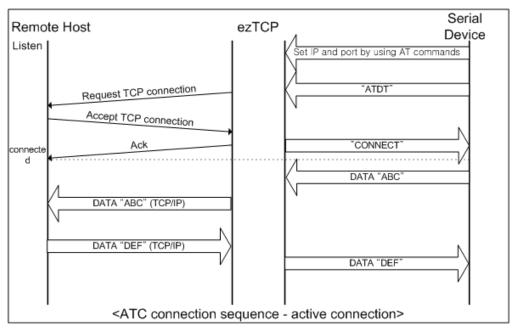
Set the following for T2S mode:

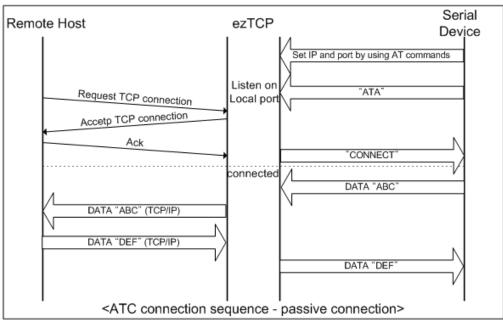
	Field	Description	
	LOCAL IP ADDRESS	Local IP address of ezTCP	
	SUBNET MASK	Subnet mask	
	GATEWAY	Gateway IP address	
IP Addresses	LOCAL PORT	Local port number to listen	
	Allowed IP Address	The Allowed IP address that EZL-80c	
	Allowed If Address	accepts TCP connection	
	PEER PORT	-	
	BAUD RATE	Speed of serial port(bps)	
Serial Port	DATA BITS	Data length	
Serial Fort	PARITY	Parity	
	FLOW CTRL	Flow control	
Mode	MUX TYPE	T2S(0)	
Connection	WATER MARK	-	
Disconnection		Connection is terminated if there's no	
Disconnection	TIMEOUT	transmission data during [TIMEOUT]	
Configuration	EZCFG	ezConfig function enable/disable	
Method	ARP	ARP function enable/disable	
Dynamic IP	DHCP	-	

7.2. ATC (AT Command)

In ATC mode, the user can control the ezTCP in a similar way to controlling the modem using AT command. In ATC mode, only a TCP connection is possible and both the server and the client can be configured.

In ATC mode, the AT command allows the user to set environment variables including the IP address and control TCP connection and disconnection.





Set the following for ATC mode:

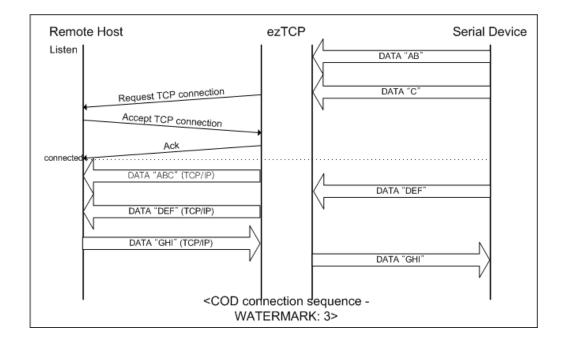
	Field	Description
	LOCAL IP ADDRESS	Local IP address of ezTCP
	SUBNET MASK	Subnet mask
IP Addresses	GATEWAY	Gateway IP address
IP Addresses	LOCAL PORT	Local port number to listen
	PEER IP ADDRESS	IP address of host to connect
	PEER PORT	Port number of host to connect
	BAUD RATE	Speed of serial port(bps)
Serial Port	DATA BITS	Data length
Serial Port	PARITY	Parity
	FLOW CTRL	Flow control
Mode	MUX TYPE	ATC(1)
Connection	WATER MARK	-
Disconnection	TIMEOUT	Connection is terminated if there's no
Disconnection	TIMEOUT	transmission data during [TIMEOUT]
Configuration	EZCFG	ezConfig function enable/disable
Method	ARP	ARP function enable/disable
Dynamic IP	DHCP	DHCP function enable/disable

[©] Confer next chapter to get more information about AT commands.

7.3. COD(Connect On Demand)

In COD mode, the ezTCP functions as a client.

When data of the pre-specified size [WATER MARK] comes to the serial port, the ezTCP attempts a TCP connection to the TCP port [PEER PORT] of the preset host IP [PEER IP ADDRESS]. If the remote host accepts the TCP connection, TCP connection will be established. Data coming to the serial port after connection establishment is TCP/IP-processed and transmitted to the remote host. And, data coming from the remote host is TCP/IP-processed and transmitted to the serial port for data communication.



Set the following for COD mode:

	Field	Description	
	LOCAL IP ADDRESS	Local IP address of ezTCP	
	SUBNET MASK	Subnet mask	
IP Addresses	GATEWAY	Gateway IP address	
IP Addresses	LOCAL PORT	-	
	PEER IP ADDRESS	IP address of host to connect	
	PEER PORT	Port number of host to connect	
	BAUD RATE	Speed of serial port(bps)	
Serial Port	DATA BITS	Data length	
Serial Fort	PARITY	Parity	
	FLOW CTRL	Flow control	
Mode	MUX TYPE	COD(2)	
		the number of bytes.	
	WATER MARK	ezTCP attempts a connection when it	
Connection	WAILKWAKK	receive a mount of [WATER MARK]	
Disconnection		from its serial port.	
	TIMEOUT	Connection is terminated if there's no	
	TIMEOUT	transmission data during [TIMEOUT]	
Configuration	EZCFG	ezConfig function enable/disable	
Method	ARP	ARP function enable/disable	
Dynamic IP	DHCP	DHCP function enable/disable	

7.4. U2S (UDP to Serial)

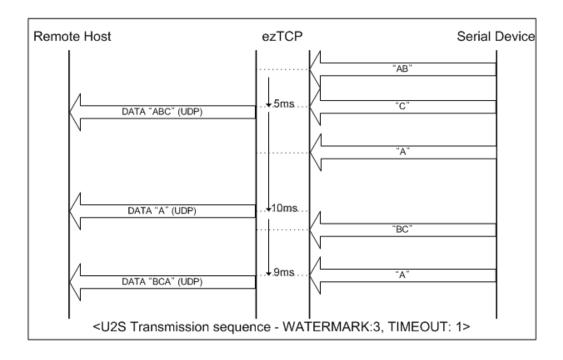
U2S mode allows for UDP communication.

In UDP mode, data are transmitted in blocks, which requires dividing data coming to the serial port into blocks before transmitting data. A procedure for dividing data into blocks is as follows:

If data of pre-specified bytes [WATER MARK] comes to the serial port of the ezTCP or if a specified period of time [TIMEOUT] elapses after first data reception, all data received for the same period is recognized as one block which is then transmitted to the UDP. The [TIMEOUT] unit is 10ms. If [TIMEOUT] is set to 2, the time period is between 20ms and 30ms.

Since UDP communication does not require a connection procedure, the user can establish N-to-M communication via multicast and broadcast.

In U2S mode, ezTCP doesn't support DHCP.



U2S 일 때 설정해야 할 사항은 다음과 같습니다.

	Field	Description	
	LOCAL IP ADDRESS	Local IP address of ezTCP	
	SUBNET MASK	Subnet mask	
IP Addresses	GATEWAY	Gateway IP address	
IP Addresses	LOCAL PORT	Port number to receive UDP data	
	PEER IP ADDRESS	IP address of host to send UDP data	
	PEER PORT	Port number of host to send UDP data	
	BAUD RATE	Speed of serial port(bps)	
Serial Port	DATA BITS	Data length	
Serial Port	PARITY	Parity	
	FLOW CTRL	Flow control	
Mode	MUX TYPE	U2S(3)	
Transmission	WATER MARK	Byte size starting to send	
Unit	TIMEOUT	Receiving interval to send as a block	
Omt	TIMEOUT	(unit: 10msec)	
Configuration	EZCFG	ezConfig function enable/disable	
Method	ARP	ARP function enable/disable	
Dynamic IP	DHCP	-	

8. ATC MODE

8.1. Overview

In ATC mode, it is possible to set up and control EZL-80c by use of AT commands, which are modem commands. For instance, you can set the remote IP to connect by AT+PRIP command and make connection by ATD command. Thus, communication with multiple hosts in turn is possible. Also you can make passive connection by ATA command.

8.1.1. AT command format

AT commands start with "AT" and end with <CR>.

The format of AT commands is as follows.

AT	Command	$\langle CR \rangle (0x0d)$
----	---------	-----------------------------

The response message from EZL-80c to an AT command is as follows.

<cr>(0x0d)</cr>	<lf>(0x0a)</lf>	Response code	<cr>(0x0d)</cr>	<lf>(0x0a)</lf>
-----------------	-----------------	---------------	-----------------	-----------------

Response Code

ATV1 (Initial setup)	ATV0	Description
OK	0	Command OK
ERROR	4	Command error
CONNECT	1	TCP connection established
NO CARRIER	3	TCP connection terminated
CETVALUE	SET VALUE	When a set value is queried
SET VALUE		(Ex: AT+PRIP?)

8.2. Basic AT Commands

Command	Function	Description
A	passive connection	Listening connection (connection from host to ezTCP)
D	active connection	Starting to connect to host

Е	echo	Enable/disable echo of AT command (ATE1-enable, ATE0-diable)
Н	off-hook	Terminating Connection
I	Inquery	Showing ezTCP's Information
О	Online	Toggle to on-line sate
V	response code	The type of response code (numeric-V0, verbose-V1)
Z	reset	Initializing ezTCP

8.3. Extended AT commands

Command	Function	Description
+PLIP	local IP address	
+PSM	subnet mask	
+PGIP	default router	
+PLP	listening TCP port	
+PTO	timeout	
+PRIP	Remote machine IP address	
+PRP	Remote machine TCP port	
+PWP	Write configuration	Saving configuration values to EEPROM
+PRC	Enable/disable ezConfig	ON: 1, OFF: 0
+PARP	Enable/disable ARP	ON: 1, OFF: 0
+PDC	DHCP	ON: 1, OFF: 0

8.4. Online State and Online Command State

If connection has not been established in ATC mode, the system is in online command mode and permits the use of AT commands.

Once connection has been established, the system is in online state and does not permit the use of AT commands. In order to use AT commands while TCP connection is established, it is necessary to switch to online command state and then use AT commands.

Online command	While TCP connection is not established, AT commands can be
state	used.
Online state	While TCP connection is established, all data are converted to
Online state	TCP/IP.

8.4.1. How to switch to online command state from online state

In order to switch from online state to online command state, it is necessary to send a '+++' message in proper format within specified time. The '+++' message will be sent to the peer host.

The time interval between the last data transmission and inputting the first '+'	500ms or up
The time between '+'s	0~500ms
The interval which is no data transmission after the last '+'	500ms or up

8.4.2. How to switch to online command state

In case the system has been switched from online state to online command state while TCP connection is established, it can be switched back to online state by ATO command.

8.5. Example of Configuration by AT Commands

	Transmission Data		Description
	AT+PLIP=192.168.1.200 <cr></cr>	•	Set local IP address
•	<cr><lf>OK<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>		Command OK
	AT+PGIP=192.168.1.254 <cr></cr>	•	Set gateway IP address
•	<cr><lf>OK<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>		Command OK
	AT+PSM=255.255.255.0 <cr></cr>	•	Set subnet mask
•	<cr><lf>OK<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>		Command OK
	AT+PLP=1470 <cr></cr>	•	Set local port
•	<cr><lf>OK<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>		Command OK
	AT+PTO=10 <cr></cr>	•	Set TIME OUT
◀	<cr><lf>OK<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>		Command OK
	AT+PWP <cr></cr>	•	Save configuration data to the EEPROM

•	<cr><lf>OK<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>	Command OK
•	<cr><lf>NO</lf></cr>	After system resets
	CARRIER <cr><lf></lf></cr>	

8.6. Example of Connection

8.6.1. Example of Active Connection

	Transmission Data		Description
	AT+PRIP=192.168.1.201 <cr></cr>	•	Set remote IP address to connect
•	<cr><lf>OK<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>		Command OK
	AT+PRP=1470 <cr></cr>	•	Set remote port number to connect
•	<cr><lf>OK<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>		Command OK
	ATDT <cr></cr>	•	Connect to the remote host
Atte	Attempting a connection		
•	<cr><lf>CONNECT<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>		Connection established
TCP/IP data transmission			

8.6.2. Example of Passive Connection

	Transmission Data		Description
	AT+PLP=1470 <cr></cr>		Set local port
•	<cr><lf>OK<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>		Command OK
	ATA <cr></cr>	•	Listen connection
List	Listening connection from remote host		
Cor	Connection from remote host		
•	<cr><lf>CONNECT<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>		Connection established
TCP/IP data transmission			

8.7. Example of Termination

8.7.1. Example of Active Termination

The following is the sequence to terminate connection initiated by EZL-80c.

	Data		Description	
Dat	a exchange (TCP connection establ	ished)	
[guard time]+++[guard time]		•	switching to online command state from online state.	
•	<cr><lf>OK<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>		switching to online command state completed	
	ATH <cr></cr>	•	TCP termination command	
•	<cr><lf>OK<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>		TCP connection terminated	

8.7.2. Example of Passive Termination

In case an external host attempts to terminate a connection;

	Data		Description
Dat	Data exchange (TCP connection established)		
In c	In case an external host attempts to terminate connection		
	<cr><lf>NO</lf></cr>		TCP connection terminated
	CARRIER <cr><lf></lf></cr>		1CP connection terminated

9. Technical Support, Warranty, and Notes on Operation

9.1. Technical Support

If you have any question regarding operation of the product, visit Customer Support FAQ corner and the message board on Sollae Systems' web site or send us an email at the following address:

Website Address for Customer Support:

http://www.eztcp.com/en/Support/support.php

Email Address:

9.1.1. Warranty

9.1.2. **Refund**

Upon the customer's request to refund the product within two weeks after purchase, Sollae Systems will refund the product.

9.1.3. Free Repair Services

For product failures occurring within one year after purchase, Sollae Systems provides free repair services or exchange the product. However, if the product failure is due to user's fault, repair service fees will be charged or the product will be replaced at user's expense.

9.1.4. Charged Repair Services

For product failures occurring after the warranty period (one year) or resulting from user's fault, repair service fees will be charged and the product will be replaced at user's expense.

9.1.5. Notes on Operation

- Sollae Systems is not responsible for product failures occurring due to user's alternation of the product.
- Specifications of the product are subject to change without prior notice for performance improvement.
- Sollae Systems does not guarantee successful operation of the product if the product was used under conditions deviating from the product specifications.
- Reverse engineering of firmware and applications provided by Sollae Systems is prohibited.
- Use of firmware and applications provided by Sollae Systems for purposes other than those for which they were designed is prohibited.
- Do not use the product in an extremely cold or hot place or in a place where vibration is severe.
- Do not use the product in an environment in which humidity is high or a lot of oil exists.
- Do not use the product where there is caustic or combustible gas.
- Sollae Systems does not guarantee normal operation of the product under the conditions a lot of noise exists.
- Do not use the product for a purpose that requires exceptional quality and reliability relating to user's injuries or accidents – aerospace, aviation, health care, nuclear power, transportation, and safety purposes.
- Sollae Systems is not responsible for any accident or damage occurring while using the product.

10. Ordering Information

Product Name	Description	Etc.
EZL-80c		
EZL-80c-E	RoHS Compliant	

11. Revision History

Date	Version	Comments
Apr. 2004.	1.0	The first Release
Dec.05.2005	2.0	Added Revision History
		Changed all fonts into Times New Roman
Dec.26.2005	2.1	Added Trash Mark for WEEE
Mar.20.2006	2.2	Add JP5 pin description
		Add Ordering Information
Apr.18.2007	2.3	Add wireless LAN Authentication Mode
		Add Examples of Wireless LAN Configuration
Mar.23.2009	2.4	Add 3.2.3 System LED
		Correct some expressions
		Modify 9.1 Technical Support